DKK

SPECIFICATION SHEET

BS11-043E

General

This instrument is the residual chlorine monitor for drinking water consisting of the transmitter, electrode, and measurement cell. It is the most suitable for continuous monitoring of end hydrants of city water featuring small compact design, low sample consumption and simple operation. For the measured value output, either 4 ~ 20mADC or 1 ~ 5VDC can be selected.

Standard specifications

Name of product: Model: Reagentless free chlorine monitor CLG-1 (Generic nomenclature of

system)

Indicator/transmitter; CD-36D

Electrode;

CLV-1 (leadless) + Lead or

CLV-1 (leadless) + CLV-2 (with leads)

Lead length is 1m for each type.

Measurement cell;

CLZ-1 (Standard) or

CLZ-2 (For pure water measure-

ment)

Measurement object: Free chlorine of drinking water,

swimming pool water

Measurement method: Polarograph with vibrateing micro-

electrode

Electrode cleaning method:

Beads cleaning utilizing vibration of

micro-electrode

Measurement range: 0 ~ 2mg/liter (Standard), 0 ~

1mg/liter, 0 ~ 3mg/liter

3-range selection by internal

switch.

Display: LCD digital display

Indicatiion range: 0.00 ~ 19.99mg/liter

Temperature compensation range:

0 ~ 40°C

Calibration method: Comparing with manual analysis

such as orthotolidine method.

Sample conditions: pH; 6.5 ~ 7.5pH

Conductivity;

Not less than 80µS/cm

Temperature 0 ~ 40°C
Pressure; 0.1 ~ 1.5kgf/cm²G
Consumption; 50 ~ 200ml/min

(with CLZ-1 measurement cell)



Ambient conditions: Temperature; −10 ~ 55°C

Relative humidity; 95% or less

Transmission output: Isolated output

4 ~ 20mADC (max. load 600 ohms)

(Standard)

1 ~ 5VDC (min. load 50kilo-ohms)

Specify one of the above.

Power requirements: 100VAC±10% 50/60Hz (Standard)

110VAC \pm 10% 50/60Hz 115VAC \pm 10% 50/60Hz Specify one of the above.

Power consumption: 5VA

Construction:

Weight:

Pipe connection: Sample inlet; Rc1/4 (PT1/4)

Drain port; Rc1/4 (PT1/4)

(With CLZ type measurement cell)
Outdoor installation, rainproof

Mounting: Mounted on 50A (outer diameter

60.5mm) steel pipe
Main materials: Transmitter

AC7A (cast aluminum), metallic

silver and blue painting

Sensor

Measurement cell; Clear acryl

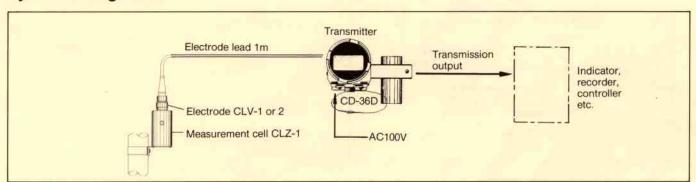
resin (PMMA)

Electrode; Hard PVC, SUS304

Indicator/transmitter;

3.5kg Approx. Sensor; 1.5kg Approx.

System arrangement



Characteristics

Linearity: repeatability:

Within ±5%FS Within ±0.1mg/liter

Note:

When sample conductivity is lower than 80µS/cm, a large error may result in measurement of 2mg/liter or higher concentration.

Optional

Column for pure water measurement CLZ-2:

The conditioner used for stable Cl_2 measurement of pure water of less than 80μ S/cm by adding NaCl and thus raising the sample conductivity.

Pole frame B-150:

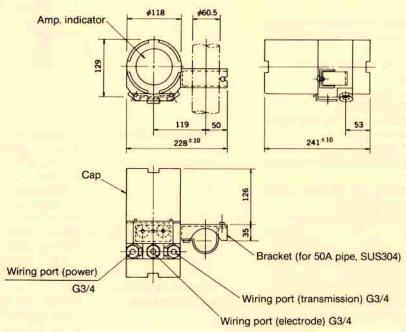
Transmitter (CD-36D) and the sensor (electrode and measurement cell) are assembled on this frame.

Dimensions Unit: mm

CD-36D Indicator/transmitter

General tolerance: ±5

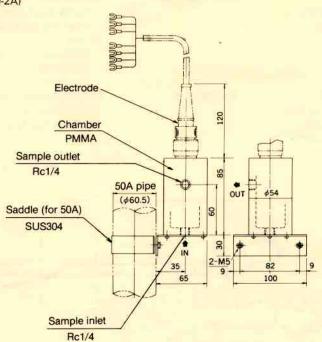
(CLF3-543529-1A)



CLZ-1 Measurement cell

General tolerance: ±10

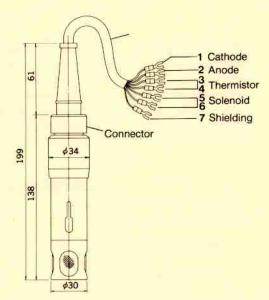
(CLF4-560980-2A)



CLV-1 Electrode

General tolerance: ±2

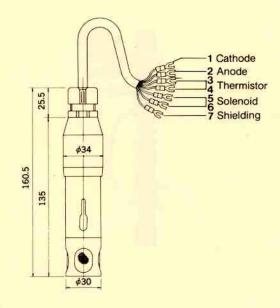
(CLV4-560194-A)



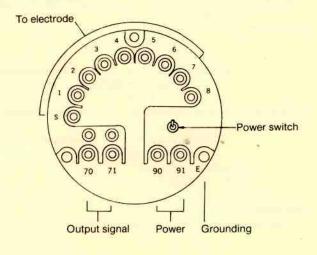
CLV-2 Electrode

General tolerance: ±2

(CLV4-561979-A)



Terminal connections



Conductivity characteristics of vibration type Cl₂ sensor

Usually, conductivity of city water is around $200\mu S/cm$ with no large variation, and little effect is exerted on chlorine measurement. But when conductivity is below $80\mu S/cm$, the Cl_2 indication is rather low, and a problem may occur in measurement of a concentration above 2mg/liter.

